- 1. A multilayer magnetic recording medium which comprises, on a nonmagnetic substrate, at least one upper binder-containing magnetic recording layer which has a thickness-of less than 0.5 μm and contains finely divided magnetic pigment having a coercive force H<sub>c</sub> of 80 250 kA/m, and at least one lower binder-containing layer which contains an isotropic magnetically soft pigment which is selected from γ-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and a solid solution of these components, the coercive-force H<sub>c</sub> of the lower layer being less than 4 kA/m and the anhysteretic susceptibility of the lower layer at 2 kA/m being greater than 7.
- 2. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the coercive force H<sub>c</sub> of the pigment in the upper layer is from 130 to 220 kA/m.
- 3. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the magnetic pigment in the upper layer is a metal pigment or metal alloy pigment.
- 4. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the magnetic pigment in the upper layer is a hexagonal ferrite pigment or a Co-modified  $\gamma$ -Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, a Co-modified Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> or a solid solution of these components.
- 5. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the isotropic magnetically soft pigment in the lower layer has a mean crystallite size of from 7 to 17 nm.
- 6. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the amount of the magnetically soft pigment in the lower layer is more than 45% by weight, based on the weight of all pigments in the lower layer.

- 7. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in any claim 5, wherein the amount of the magnetically soft pigment in the lower layer is more than 45% by weight, based on the weight of all pigments in the lower layer.
- 8. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 6, wherein the amount of the magnetically soft pigment in the lower layer is more than 75% by weight, based on the weight of all pigments in the lower layer.
- 9. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 7, wherein the amount of the magnetically soft pigment in the lower layer is more than 75% by weight, based on the weight of all pigments in the lower layer.
- 10. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the magnetically soft pigment in the lower layer has been surface-treated with an aluminum compound or with a silicon compound or with a mixture of the two compounds.
- 11. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 9, wherein the magnetically soft pigment in the lower layer has been surface-treated with an aluminum compound or with a silicon compound or with a mixture of the two compounds.
- 12. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the magnetic pigment in the lower layer is spherical, cubic or amorphous.
- 13. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 11, wherein the magnetic pigment in the lower layer is spherical, cubic or amorphous.
- 14. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the lower layer contains at least one nonmagnetic pigment in addition to the magnetically soft pigment.

- 15. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 13, wherein the lower layer contains at least one nonmagnetic pigment in addition to the magnetically soft pigment.
- 16. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 14, wherein the nonmagnetic pigment is acicular, having a mean longitudinal axis of from 5 to 200 nm, or spherical or amorphous, having a mean particle size of from 5 to 350 nm.
- 17. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 15, wherein the nonmagnetic pigment is acicular, having a mean longitudinal axis of from 5 to 200 nm, or spherical or amorphous, having a mean particle size of from 5 to 350 nm.
- 18. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 15, wherein the nonmagnetic pigment is α-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.
- 19. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein the nonmagnetic pigment is α-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.
- 20. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 15, wherein the nonmagnetic pigment is carbon black.
- 21. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein the nonmagnetic pigment is carbon black.
- 22. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 15, wherein the nonmagnetic pigment is a mixture of carbon black and α-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.
- 23. A magnetic recording medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein the nonmagnetic pigment is a mixture of carbon black and α-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

- 24. A process for the production of a multilayer magnetic recording medium which comprises, on a nonmagnetic substrate, at least one upper binder-containing magnetic recording layer which has a thickness of less than 0.5 μm and contains a finely divided magnetic pigment having a coercive force H<sub>c</sub> of 80 250 kA/m, and at least one lower binder-containing layer which contains an isotropic magnetically soft pigment which is selected from γ-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and a solid solution of these components, the coercive force H<sub>c</sub> of the lower layer being less than 4 kA/m and the anhysteretic susceptibility of the lower layer at 2 kA/m being greater than 7, comprising:
  - mixing, kneading and dispersing of an isotropic magnetically soft pigment, selected from γ-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> or a solid solution of these components, a binder, a solvent and further additives and applying the dispersion to a nonmagnetic substrate to form a moist lower layer;
  - mixing, kneading and dispersing a finely divided magnetic pigment having a coercive force H<sub>c</sub> of 80 250 kA/m with a binder, a solvent and further additives and applying the dispersion to the lower layer for form a moist upper magnetic recording layer:
  - orienting the moist layers in a magnetic field;
  - drying the moist layers until the upper layer reaches a thickness of less than  $0.5 \mu m$ ; and
  - subsequent calendering and separating, so that the coercive force of the lower layer is less than 4 kA/m and the anhysteretic susceptibility of the lower layer at 2 kA/m is greater than 7.
- 25. A process for forming a multilayer magnetic recording medium which comprises, on a nonmagnetic substrate, at least one upper binder-containing magnetic recording layer which has a thickness of less than 0.5 μm and contains a finely divided magnetic pigment having a coercive force H<sub>c</sub> of 80 250 kA/m, and at least one lower binder-containing layer which contains an isotropic magnetically soft pigment which is selected from γ-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and a solid solution of these components, the coercive

force  $H_c$  of the lower layer being less than 4 kA/m and the anhysteretic susceptibility of the lower layer at 2 kA/m being greater than 7, which comprises adding as the isotropic magnetically soft pigment in the lower layer at least one of  $\gamma$ -Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and a solid solution of these components, and which has a mean crystallite size of from 7 to 17 nm.

26. A magnetic tape, magnetic card or floppy disk comprising a multilayer magnetic recording medium which comprises, on a nonmagnetic substrate, at least one upper binder-containing magnetic recording layer which has a thickness of less than 0.5 μm and contains a finely divided magnetic pigment having a coercive force H<sub>c</sub> of 80 - 250 kA/m, and at least one lower binder-containing layer which contains an isotropic magnetically soft pigment which is selected from γ-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and a solid solution of these components, the coercive force H<sub>c</sub> of the lower layer being less than 4 kA/m and the anhysteretic susceptibility of the lower layer at 2 kA/m being greater than 7.

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